

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY PRINCIPAL ACADEMICS, RESEARCH AND STUDENTS' AFFAIRS

UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS 2018 /2019 ACADEMIC YEAR

SECOND YEAR SECOND SEMESTER REGULAR EXAMINATION

FOR THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF **EDUCATION**

COURSE CODE:

MAT 205

COURSE TITLE: ORDINARY DIFFERENNTIAL EQUATION I

DATE: 15TH APRIL, 2019

TIME: 9.00 AM - 12.00 PM

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

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REGULAR: MAIN EXAM

MAT 205: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS I

STREAM: BedSc/Arts/Bus

DURATION: 3 Hours

INSTRUCTION TO CANDIDATES

- i. Answer ALL questions from section A and any THREE from section B
- ii. Do not write on the question paper.

SECTION A [31 Marks] ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

QUESTION ONE [16 marks]

- a) Define the following terms as used in ordinary differential equations giving examples;
 - i. differential equation,
 - ii. order,
 - iii. degree,
 - iv. linearity and homogeneous

(4mks)

b) Find the particular solution satisfying the given boundary conditions

$$2\frac{dr}{d\theta} + \sin 2\theta = 0; \ r = 2, \theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$$
 (3mks)

- c) Find the curve which satisfies the equation $2xy \frac{dy}{dx} = x^2 + 1$, which passes through the point (1,2) (3mks)
- d) Solve the equation $(x^2 xy + y^2)dx xydy = 0$ (3mks)
- a) Apply the reduction of order formula to solve the following differential equation $y'' + 2y' 3y = 0, y_1 = e^x$ (3mks)

QUESTION TWO [15 marks]

- a) Solve using integrating factor method $(x^2 + 1)\frac{dy}{dx} + 4xy = x$ (3mks)
- b) Determine if the differential equation $dz = (3x^2 + 4y^2)dx + 8xydy$ is exact hence solve

(3mks)

- c) Solve the differential equation $5\frac{dy}{dx} = \cot 2y$ (3mks)
- d) Find the general solution to the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 8y = 0$ (3mks)

e) The sum of Kshs 50,000 is invested in a bank which pays an interest at a rate of 8% p.a compounded continuously. Find the amount of money after 25yrs (3mks)

SECTION B (39 MARKS):

QUESTION THREE [13 marks]

- a) Solve the Bernoulli equation $\frac{dy}{dx} + y = xy^3$ (6mks)
- b) Show that $y = A\sin x + B\cos x$ is the general solution of the differential equation y'' + y = 0 and find the particular solution that satisfies y(0) = 2, y'(0) = 3 (7mks)

QUESTION FOUR [13 marks]

- a) Solve the differential equation $y'' y' 2y = 4x^2$ using the method of variation of parameters (7mks)
- b) When a cake is removed from the oven, its temperature is $300^{\circ}F$. Three minutes later, its temperature is $200^{\circ}F$. How long will it take to cool to $100^{\circ}F$ if the room temperature is $70^{\circ}F$ (6mks)

QUESTION FIVE [13 marks]

- a) Consider the initial value problem $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 4y = 0$, y(0) = 1, $y'(0) = -1 + 2\sqrt{3}$
 - i. Find its solution (5mks)
 - ii. Write the solution in the form $Ce^{ax}\cos(\beta x \alpha)$ (3mks)
- b) Solve the equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{2x}}$ (5mks)

QUESTION SIX [13 marks]

- a) Find the general solution of $(D^2 + 9)y = \cos 3x$ (5mks)
- b) Solve the homogeneous linear differential equation $x^3 \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 3x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} = 24x^2$ (8mks)

QUESTION SEVEN [13 marks]

- a) Show that the differential equation $x^3y''' 6xy' + 12y = 0$ has three linearly independent solutions each of the form y = x' (7mks)
- b) A body moves with simple harmonic motion so that s = -16s. If s=3 and s = 16 when t=0, find the motion. (6mks)

